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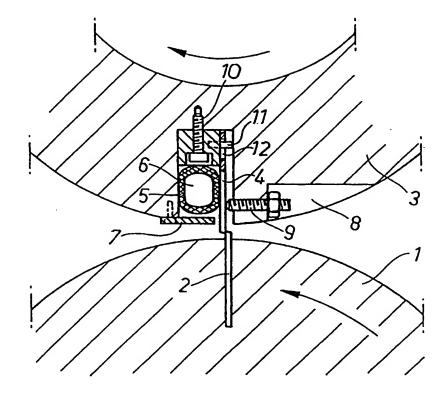
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(54) Title: ADJUSTING MECHANISM FOR A BLADE CLEARANCE IN A TWIN ROTARY CUTTER

(57) Abstract

The invention relates to an adjusting mechanism for a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter, a web to be cut in said cutter being guided through between two rotating rolls (1, 3), one of which is provided with a solid blade (2) and the other roll with an adjustable cutter blade (4). The adjustable blade is provided with a press element (5) for subjecting the blade to a force controlling its position. The invention relates also to a method for adjusting the above-mentioned blade clearance. In this method, the adjustable blade is subjected to a force regulating the blade position. The invention relates further to a twin rotary cutter for cross-cutting a web-like material (4), such as a pulp web, said cutter making use of the above-described mechanism and method.



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Adjusting mechanism for a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter

The present invention relates to an adjusting mechanism for a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter, a web to be cut in said cutter being guided through between two rotating rolls, one of which is provided with a solid blade and the other roll with an adjustable cutter blade.

In the prior art cross-cutting mechanisms used in a pulp-drying machine, the cutting process is based on a rotating cross-cutting blade and a solid counterblade. The aim is to provide a good cutting trace. Requirements for a good cutting trace include permanently sharp blades and a controlled blade clearance. As the machines become wider and wider, the control of a blade clearance will be increasingly difficult, if not impossible. In any event, the technical solution will be extremely expensive in the present-day mechanisms which involve a rotating cutting blade and a counter-blade. At the cutting point, the pulp web is subjected to compression between the blades before the web is cut. In such a cutting process, the edge areas of a sheet develop a pulp material compression at the edges and material build-ups ("fish eyes"). In terms of the further processing of a pulp sheet, such material build-ups are not desirable, while the cutting trace itself need not be particularly good since, after all, the cut pulp sheet will be processed further.

An object of the invention is to eliminate such a foregoing clearance of the cutting blades, which impedes a web cutting process. A mechanism of the invention is characterized in that the adjustable blade is provided with a press element for subjecting the blade to a force controlling its position.

In order to facilitate the practical operation, the press element has a compression force which can be regulated, said press element comprising, in a preferred case, a hydraulically or pneumatically loaded elastic bellows or tube.

A mechanism of the invention offers the following benefits over a mechanical blade suspension:

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- pressure compensates for blade wear
- "run without a web" condition = pressure off, consequently no wearing of blades
- The invention relates also to a method for adjusting a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter, said method being characterized in that an adjustable blade is subjected to a force controlling the blade position.

In a preferred case, this adjustment is effected in such a way that the pressure of a pressure medium to be fed into an elastic press element in contact with an adjustable blade is regulated for achieving a desired position for the blade element and for eliminating a developed clearance. In practice, the press element is fitted with a pneumatic or hydraulic source of pressure, which uses a control unit and a supply valve for regulating the level of pressure to be fed into the press element.

The pressure medium can be a gas or a fluid.

The invention will be described in more detail with reference made to the accompanying drawings.

- Fig. 1 shows a solution of the invention in principle.
- fig. 2 shows a cutting blade with its fastening holes,
- fig. 3 shows an adjustment system for a blade of the invention with its control unit, and
- fig. 4 shows the system of fig. 3, but manually implemented.

Fig. 1 shows two rolls 1 and 3, the lower being provided with a solid counterblade 2 extending from the outer roll surface. The upper or overhead roll 3 is provided with a blade 4, which is in cooperation with the counter-blade 2 and has its position adjustable in accordance with the invention. Naturally, the

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adjustable blade 4 can be optionally mounted on the lower roll 1 and the solid blade 2 on the upper roll 3.

The blade 4 is fitted in a recess included in the outer surface of the roll 3, the blade 4 being secured in said recess by means of a fastening bolt 10 with the help of an attachment mounted on the roll. The attachment is provided with a fastening peg 11 projecting into the recess for attachment apertures 12 present in the blade 4. The blade 4 can be provided with one or more apertures. In the embodiment shown in fig. 2, the apertures are elongated in shape for an easier attachment of the blade.

Between the attachment and the outer periphery remains an interspace, in which is accommodated a tube-like bellows 5 that is elastic and substantially fills the available space within the recess. The blade 4 positions itself along the other side of the recess with a slight leeway and projects from the outer surface of the roll 3. The blades 2 and 4 have such a dimensioning that, at a point of cutting, the blades will meet each other in the illustrated fashion for cutting a web. The recess is partially closed by a plate 7 restricting the movement of the blade.

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As shown in figs. 3 and 4, the press element, an elastic tube 5 in the case of fig. 1, is connected with a source of pressure 13, which can be hydraulic or pneumatic. The pressure source has its feeding line fitted with a valve 15, which in turn is in communication with a control unit 14. This control unit 14 receives its set values from a detector 16, which is mounted on a conveyor and may respond to possible breaks or other malfunctions.

The roll 3 is machined to include a cut-out 8, which is provided with an adjusting screw 9 extending all the way to the blade 4 for effecting a rough adjustment of the blade 4.

The actual adjustment of clearance is carried out by supplying the elastic bellows 5 with a pressure medium, which can be a gas, e.g. air, or a hydraulic fluid. The expanding bellows 5 presses against the blade 4 and forces the

same towards the recess wall. Thus, a possible clearance between the blades can be adjusted.

Alternatively, of course, it is possible to discharge a pressure medium from the bellows for effecting a blade adjustment in the other direction.

The apparatus and method of the invention can be used for eliminating possible disturbance factors in cutting, which result from vibrations and deflections of the rolls. In cardboard cutters, for example, the foregoing aspects have been limiting factors in terms of increasing the operating width. At the same time, wearing of the blades can be compensated for and, by virtue of a simple structure, the mass of rolls can be reduced and, thus, the deflection of rolls will be reduced as well.

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Claims

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- 1. An adjusting mechanism for a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter, a web to be cut in said cutter being guided through between two rotating rolls (1, 3), one of which is provided with a solid blade (2) and the other roll with an adjustable cutter blade (4), characterized in that the adjustable blade is provided with a press element (5) for subjecting the blade to a force controlling its position.
- 2. An adjusting mechanism as set forth in claim 1, characterized in that thepress element (5) has a compression force which can be regulated.
 - 3. An adjusting mechanism as set forth in claim 1, characterized in that the press element (5) comprises a hydraulically or pneumatically chargeable elastic bellows or tube.
 - 4. An adjusting mechanism as set forth in claim 1, characterized in that the twin rotary cutter is included in the sheet cutting unit of a pulp-drying machine.
- 5. An adjusting mechanism as set forth in claim 1, characterized in that the blade (4) is provided with elongated attachment holes (12).
 - 6. An adjusting mechanism as set forth in claim 2, characterized in that the mechanism comprises an extra-cutter source (13) and regulating assembly (14, 15) for compression force.
 - 7. A method for adjusting a blade clearance in a twin rotary cutter, characterized in that an adjustable blade is subjected to a force regulating the blade position.
- 30 8. A method as set forth in claim 7, characterized in that the regulation of pressure is used for compensating for the wearing of blades (2, 4).
 - 9. A twin rotary cutter for cross-cutting a web-like material (4), such as a pulp web, comprising two rotatable rolls (1, 3) or the like, the web (4) to be cut being

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guided therethrough, and one of which is provided with a fixedly mounted blade (2) and the other with an adjustable cutter blade (4), characterized in that the adjustable blade (4) is secured to a second roll (3) or the like by means of a press element (5), having a blade-position regulating force which can be set/adjusted while the cutter is running.

- 10. A twin rotary cutter as set forth in claim 9, characterized in that the press element comprises
- a hydraulically and/or pneumatically chargeable bellows (5) or tube or a plurality of bellows or tubes
- means (13-15) in a functional communication with the cutter for setting a hydraulic and/or pneumatic force.
- 11. A twin rotary cutter as set forth in claim 10, characterized in that the means
 (13-15) in a functional communication with the cutter for setting a hydraulic and/or pneumatic force include at least one pressure adjusting valve (15).
- 12. A twin rotary cutter as set forth in claim 10, characterized in that the press elements include a control assembly (14) which, after receiving information
 20 about a web break (16), is able to release a hydraulic and/or pneumatic force with the press element.

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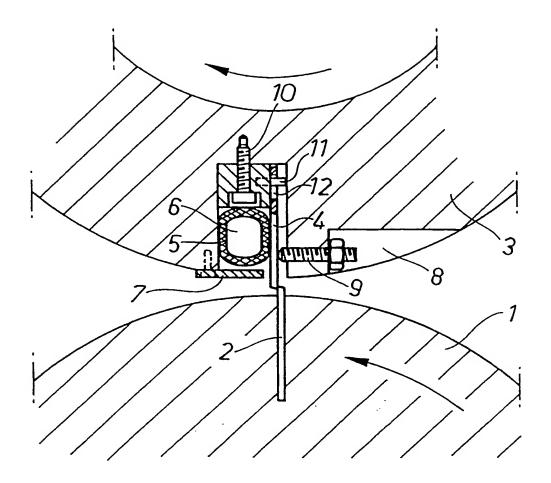


Fig.1

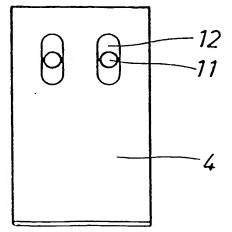
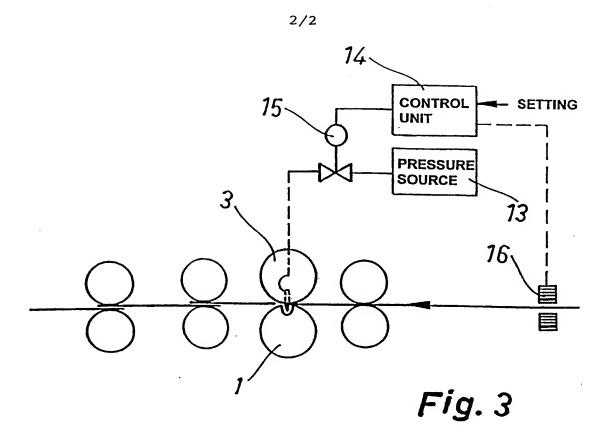


Fig. 2

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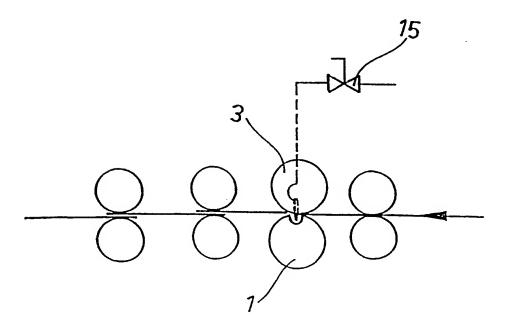


Fig. 4

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

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CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC6: B26D 1/40 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC6: B26D Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched SE,DK,FI,NO classes as above Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used) WPIL, EDOC C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category* Relevant to claim No. DE 3928594 A1 (VALMET-STRECKER GMBH), 7 March 1991 Х 1-12 (07.03.91), column 2, line 12 - column 3, line 27, abstract DE 2021061 A (DR. OTTO C. STRECKER KG), Х 1-12 11 November 1971 (11.11.71), page 1, line 19 - page 2, line 13; page 3, line 35 - page 4, line 8, figures 2,3 Α SE 469940 B (SVEN ARNE ROLAND STRÖMBERG), 1-12 11 October 1993 (11.10.93) Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C. See patent family annex. Special categories of cited documents: later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance "E" erlier document but published on or after the international filing date document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other step when the document is taken alone special reason (as specified) document of particular relevance: the claimed invention cannot be "O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination document published prior to the international filing date but later than being obvious to a person skilled in the art the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 1 6 -08- 1999 13-August-1999- -Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer Swedish Patent Office Box 5055, S-102 42 STOCKHOLM Johnny Claesson

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INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Information on patent family members

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